What is claimed is:

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An isolated Mda-7 promoter capable of directing transcription of a heterologous coding sequence positioned downstream therefrom, wherein the promoter is selected from the group consisting of:

(a) a promoter comprising the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1;

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(b) a promoter comprising a nucleotide sequence functionally equivalent to the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO: 1: and

- (c) a promoter comprising a nucleotide sequence that hybridizes to a sequence complementary to the promoter of (a) or (b) in a Southern hybridization reaction performed under stringent conditions.
- 2. The promoter of claim 1 wherein the promoter comprises the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1.

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A recombinant expression construct effective in directing the transcription of a selected coding sequence which comprises:

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- (a) an Mda-7 promoter nucleotide sequence according to claim
 1; and
- (b) a coding sequence operably linked to the promoter, whereby the coding sequence can be transcribed and

translated in a host cell, and the promoter is heterologous to the coding sequence.

- 4. The recombinant expression construct of <u>claim</u> 3, wherein the Mda-7 promoter comprises a human Mda-7 promoter.
 - 5. The recombinant expression construct of claim 3, wherein the human Mda-7 promoter comprises the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1 from the thymidine (T) at position -2241 to the cytosine (C) at position 0.

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- 6. The recombinant expression construct of claim 3, wherein the coding sequence encodes a tumor suppressor polypeptide.
- 7. The recombinant expression construct of claim 6, wherein the tumor suppressor polypeptide is p21, retinoblastoma protein or p53.
- 8. A host cell comprising the recombinant expression construct of claim 3.
- 9. The host cell of claim 8, wherein the host cell is stably transformed with the recombinant expression construct of claim
- 10. The host cell of claim 8, wherein the host cell is a tumor cell.
- 11. The host cell of claim 8, wherein the host cell is a melanocyte.

- 12. The host cell of claim 8, wherein the cell is an immortalized cell.
- 5 13. The host cell of claim 10, wherein the tumor cell is a melanoma cell, a neuroblastoma cell, an astrocytoma cell, a glioblastomoa multifore cell, a cerival cancer cell, a breast cancer cell, a lung cancer cell or a prostate cancer cell.
 - 14/ A method for expressing foreign DNA in a host cell comprising: introducing into the host cell a gene transfer vector comprising an Mda-7 promoter nucleotide sequence operably linked to a foreign DNA encoding a desired polypeptide or RNA, wherein said foreign DNA is expressed.

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- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the promoter nucleotide sequence is identical to the sequence from position -2241 to position 0 of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 16. The method of <u>claim</u> 14, wherein the promoter nucleotide sequence is a nucleotide sequence functionally equivalent to the Mda-7 promoter sequence from position -2241 to position 0 of CFQ ID No:1.
- 25 17. The method of <u>claim</u> 14, wherein the gene transfer vector encodes and expresses a reporter molecule.
- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein the reporter molecule is selected from the group consisting of beta-galactosidase, luciferase and chloramphenical acetyltransferase.

The method of claim 14, wherein the introducing is carried out by a means selected from the group consisting of adenovirus infection, lipbsome-mediated transfer, topical application to the cell, and microinjection.

isolated Mda-7 promote capable of directing transcription of a heterologous coding sequence positioned downstream therefrom, where n the promoter is selected from the group consisting of

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a promoter comprising the nucleotide sequence from (a) the tymidine at position -2241 to the cytosine at position 0 shown in SEQ ID NO:1;

promoter / comprising a nucleotide (b) sequence functionally equivalent to the promoter in element (a); and

a promoter comprising a nucleotide sequence that hybridi es to a sequence complementary to the promoter of element (a) or element (b) Southern hybridization reaction performed under stringent conditions.

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A method for t#eating cancer in a subject suffering therefrom which comprises administering to the subject an effective amount of a /pharmaceutical composition which comprises a recombinant expression construct comprising:

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molecule selected nucleic acid that encodes а (a) polypertide; and

- (b) an Mda-7 promoter nucleotide sequence operably linked to the nucleic acid molecule of element (a), wherein the coding sequence will be transcribed and translated when in a host cell to produce the selected polypeptide, and the Mda-7 promoter is heterologous to the coding sequence
- And a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 27. The method of <u>claim</u> 21, wherein the cancer is melanoma, neuroblastoma, astrocytoma, glioblastoma multiforme, cervical cancer, breast cancer, colon cancer, prostate cancer, osteoscarcoma, or chrondosarcoma.
- 73. The method of claim 21, wherein the cancer is a cancer of the central nervous system of the subject.
- 4. The method of craim 21, wherein the administering is carried out via injection, oral administration, or topical administration.
- 25. The method of claim 21, wherein the carrier is an aqueous carrier, a liposome, or a lipid carrier.

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